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APPLICATION NO.	1	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
08/894,788	3 08/27/1997		PAOLO GIACOMONI	05725.0213	9346
22852	7590	07/29/2005		EXAMINER	
FINNEGA LLP	N, HENI	DERSON, FARAB	CHANNAVAJJALA, LAKSHMI SARADA		
	901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413				PAPER NUMBER
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DATE MAILED: 07/29/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	08/894,788	GIACOMONI, PAOLO					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Lakshmi S. Channavajjala	1615					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period versions are provided to the period of the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from h, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status	,						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 M	ay 2004.						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.						
,—	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) ☐ Claim(s) 31-38,40-54 and 56-66 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 31-38, 40-54 and 56-66 is/are rejected for the company of the com	vn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the liderawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)	_						
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>5-17-04</u>. 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

In view of the decision rendered by Board of Appeals and Interferences, the finality of the rejection of the last Office action is withdrawn.

The following rejection new rejection is applied:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claims 31-38, 40-54 and 56-66 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 5,951,990 (hereafter '990) to Ptchelintsev by itself or US 5,847,003 to Ptchelintsev et al (hereafter '003).

'990 teach a composition comprising a derivative of L-ascorbic acid, which is stable, easily incorporated into cosmetically acceptable vehicles and suggest preparing the composition in the form of lotions, gels, creams etc 9col. 5). '990 teach using the ascorbic acid derivative of cholesterol with other cosmetically active agents such as retinoids, alpha-hydroxy and beta-hydroxy acids, vitamin D (col. 6) etc., all of which read on the claimed irritant compounds in the instant invention. '990 further teaches that the compositions containing ascorbic acid derivatives can be used in combination with nitric oxide synthase inhibitors such as those claimed in the instant application (col. 8, lines 41-59). Thus, it would have been obvious for one of an ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to prepare a composition comprising the claimed nitric oxide synthase inhibitors, together with ascorbic acid derivatives and cosmetic compounds such as retinoids, alpha-hydroxy and beta-hydroxy acids, vitamin D etc.,

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which are capable of causing cutaneous irritation, because '990 suggests that the NO synthase inhibitors reduce skin redness, vasodilation and inflammatory reactions, especially in response to electromagnetic and ionizing radiation and or to the action of chemically or biochemically aggressive compounds. Further, '990 suggest the amounts of the NO synthase inhibitors useful for the above treatment and accordingly using the optimum amounts of the same so as to obtain the desired effect would have been within the scope of a skilled artisan.

'003 teach a composition comprising oxa acids and their derivatives for treating skin conditions such as psoriasis, eczema, dry skin etc (col. 2). '003 teach formulations containing oxa acids gels, creams (examples) and suggest using skin treating compounds such as alpha-hydroxy and beta-hydroxy acids in the composition.

Examiner notes that the latter compounds read on the claimed irritants. '003 also suggest combining oxa acids with vitamins, retinoids etc (col. 5), depending on the dermatological treatment desired. Further, '003 teach addition of NO synthase inhibitors that read on the instant claims, to the compositions containing oxa acids (col. 9, lines 40-60). Accordingly, it would have been obvious for one of an ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to use NO synthase inhibitors of '003 in compositions containing oxa acids and other vitamins, retinoids or alpha-hydroxy and beta-hydroxy acid because '003 suggests that the NO synthase inhibitors reduce skin redness, vasodilation and inflammatory reactions, especially in response to electromagnetic and ionizing radiation and or to the action of chemically or biochemically aggressive

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compounds. Further, '003 suggest the amounts of the NO synthase inhibitors useful for the above treatment and accordingly using the optimum amounts of the same so as to obtain the desired effect would have been within the scope of a skilled artisan.

Claims 31-38, 40-54 and 56-66 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 5,449,688 to Wahl et al ('688) in view of either of US 5,951,990 ('990) to Ptchelintsev or US 5,847,003 to Ptchelintsev et al ('003).

'688 teach treatment of chronic inflammatory conditions such as psoriasis (paragraph bridging cols. 3 and 4), by administering the specific nitric oxide synthase inhibitors of the instant claims (see col. 3, lines 39-68). '688 teach dosages, several routes of administration, including topical application (col. 4, lines 25-54; col. 6, lines 53-65). '688 teaches the same skin conditions, which have a predisposition to be irritated upon exposure to common cosmetic and pharmaceutical products and suggests topical application of nitric oxide synthase inhibitors. However, '688 do not specifically teach the inhibitor compounds as anti-irritants and also fails to suggest a combination of irritants together with the compositions. '688 teach topical application as transdermal patches but do not teach the composition in the form of gel or cream.

The teachings of '990 and '003 have been discussed above. '990 and '003 suggest a combination of skin care compounds such as ascorbic acid derivatives ('990) and oxa acids ('003) with alpha or beta hydroxy acids, retinoids, vitamins etc., all of

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them are admittedly capable of causing cutaneous irritation. Further '990 and '003 teach addition of claims nitric oxide synthase inhibitors to the above compositions for reducing skin redness, vasodilation etc. Accordingly, it would have been obvious for one of an ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to use NO synthase inhibitors of '688 in topical cosmetic or dermatological composition comprising retinoids, vitamins, oxa acid, ascorbic acid etc., because '990 and '003 teach that the NO synthase inhibitors are capable of reducing skin redness, vasodilation and inflammatory reactions, especially in response to electromagnetic and ionizing radiation and or to the action of chemically or biochemically aggressive compounds. Thus, a skilled artisan would have expected to reduce the irritation, redness, and inflammation etc., caused by aggressive chemicals present in the cosmetic compostions (such as those of '990 and '003).

Applicant cannot rely upon the foreign priority papers to overcome this rejection because a translation of said papers has not been made of record in accordance with 37 CFR 1.55. See MPEP § 201.15.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lakshmi S. Channavajjala whose telephone number is 571-272-0591. The examiner can normally be reached on 9.00 AM -6.30 PM

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thurman K. Page can be reached on 571-272-0602. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

_akshmi S Channavajjala

Examiner Art Unit 1615 July 28, 2005

THURMAN R PAGE
SUPERVISORY HATEN ENAMINER
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